Attorney Docket No. 052530

REMARKS

Claims 1, 2 and 4-18 are currently pending. Support for the amendment to claim 1 may

be found in the specification as originally filed, for example, in original claim 3 and paragraphs

[0026], [0040], [0066] to [0067] and [0079] to [0080].

The specification has been amended to indicate the scientific name for the compounds

identified by their tradenames M-631N and M-605N. See MPEP 608.01(v). See also the

attached product brochure from Mitsui Takeda Chemicals, Inc.

I. Formal Matters

The Examiner did not list WO 2003/062,873 and JP 2003-287,622 on the Notice of

References cited. The Examiner is requested to complete the record by listing WO 2003/062,873

and JP 2003-287,622 on a PTO Form 892

II. The Rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102(b)/(e) or 103(a)

Claims 1-2 and 4-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b)/(e) as allegedly being

anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as allegedly obvious over

"WO 2003/062,873, JP 2003-287,622 or equivalent US 2005/0,122,586."

Claim 1 has been amended to include the subject matter of claim 3. Therefore, this

rejection is moot.

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III. The Rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)

Claims 1-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) allegedly as obvious over "WO 2003/062,873, JP 2003-287,622 or equivalent US 2005/0,122,586" in view of JP 09-080,204.

First of all, WO 2003/062,873, JP 2003-287,622 and US 2005/0,122,586 do not all belong to the same "family." WO 2003/062,874 is a related document to JP 2003-287,622 and US 2005/0,122,586. Regardless, during a brief telephone conference with Examiner Wu, Examiner Wu stated to reference the U.S. patent document in responding to the Office Action. Therefore, Adachi (US 2005/0,122,586) is discussed below.

Applicants respectfully submit that the present invention is not rendered obvious over the disclosures of Adachi in view of Suzuki (JP 09-080,204) and request that the Examiner reconsider and withdraw this rejection in view of the following remarks.

In Adachi, there is no disclosure nor suggestion of hexamethylenediisocyanate or 1,3-bis(isocyanatomethyl)cyclohexane and Adachi does not teach or disclose any compound with a glass transition temperature Tg of 100°C or less in a state of being cured.

The present invention comprises an optical compensation layer formed of a liquid crystal monomer and a chiral dopant. Adachi also relates to an optical compensation layer formed of a liquid crystal monomer and a chiral dopant. Whereas, Suzuki relates to an antireflection sheet including a transparent substrate film, an adhesive layer and a low-refractive-index layer (see claim 1 of the attached partial translation of Suzuki). In Suzuki, it is described that the adhesive

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layer used for the antireflection sheet is a compound having an isocyanate group (see claims 1

and 6 of Suzuki). However, the transparent substrate film and the low-refractive-index layer of

Suzuki are totally distinct from the optical compensation layer formed of the liquid crystal

monomer and the chiral dopant as referred in Adachi. Thus, since Suzuki and Adachi have

different technical fields, there is no suggestion for a combination of the adhesive layer used in

Suzuki and the optical compensation layer a Adachi, where the adhesive layer used in Suzuki is

used for the optical compensation layer of Adachi. That is, Suzuki is not within the field of the

Adachi's or Applicants' endeavor. And further is not reasonably pertinent to the particular

problem with which the inventor was involved. The combination of elements from non-

analogous sources, in a manner that reconstructs the Applicant's invention only with the benefit

of hindsight, is insufficient to establish a prima facie case of obviousness.

While, as set forth above, it is believed the Examiner has not established a prima facie

case of obviousness, to advance the prosecution of the case, Applicants note that the specification

of the present application provides evidence showing the unexpectedly improved properties of

the presently claimed optical compensation plate over the materials of the references of the

rejection.

In Adachi, an isocyanate-based adhesive is described as an anti-cracking layer. However,

in the case where the anti-cracking layer is the isocyanate-based adhesive with the glass

transition temperature Tg of more than 100°C in the state of being cured, after carrying out a heat

treatment test, a moistening treatment test and a low-temperature treatment test, display

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irregularity is observed within the plane of the optical compensation plate. This is shown in

Comparative example 1 (using a mixture of 1,3-bis(isocyanatomethyl)cyclohexane and a

copolymer A as the adhesive, Tg = 120°C) in the specification of the present application. To the

contrary, as shown in Example 1 (using hexamethylenediisocyanate as the adhesive, Tg = 50°C)

and Example 2 (using 1,3-bis(isocyanatomethyl)cyclohexane as the adhesive, Tg = 90°C) display

irregularity is unexpectedly prevented within the plane of the optical compensation plate of the

present invention. Thus, if using hexamethylenediisocyanate with Tg of 100°C or less in the

state of being cured or 1,3-bis(isocyanatomethyl)cyclohexane as the moisture-curing isocyanate

compound, in the case of mounting it as a polarizing plate with an optical compensation layer to

a liquid crystal panel, an effect of preventing the display irregularity, which cannot be expected

from Adachi, can be obtained.

For the above reasons, it is respectfully submitted that the subject matter of claims 1, 2

and 4-18 is neither taught by nor made obvious from the disclosures of Adachi and Suzuki and it

is requested that the rejection under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) be reconsidered and withdrawn.

IV. Conclusion

In view of the above, Applicants respectfully submit that their claimed invention is

allowable and ask that the rejections under 35 U.S.C. §102 and the rejection under 35 U.S.C.

§103 be reconsidered and withdrawn. Applicants respectfully submit that this case is in

condition for allowance and allowance is respectfully solicited.

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Amendment Under 37 C.F.R. §1.111

Application No. 10/542,272

Attorney Docket No. 052530

If any points remain at issue which the Examiner feels may be best resolved through a

personal or telephone interview, the Examiner is kindly requested to contact the undersigned at

the local exchange number listed below.

If this paper is not timely filed, Applicants respectfully petition for an appropriate

extension of time. The fees for such an extension or any other fees that may be due with respect

to this paper may be charged to Deposit Account No. 50-2866.

Respectfully submitted,

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Jul. wift

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LCW/af

Attachment:

Partial English translation of Suzuki (JP9(1997)-80204A)

Product brochure from Mitsui Takeda Chemicals, Inc. (2 pages)



Partial Translation of JP 9(1997)-80204 A

Publication Date: March 28, 1997

Application No.: 5

7(1995)-262135

Filing Date:

September 14, 1995

Applicant:

Dai Nippon Printing Co., Ltd

1-1-1, Ichigayakaga-cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo

Title of the Invention: ANTIREFLECTION SHEET 10

Translation of claims 1 and 6

[Claim 1] 15

An antireflection sheet, wherein a low-refractive-index layer with a refractive index that is lower than a refractive index of an adhesive layer described below is laminated to a transparent base film via the adhesive layer with a glass transition temperature of 20°C or more.

20

[Claim 6]

The antireflection sheet according to any one of claims 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, wherein the adhesive layer contains a compound having an isocyanate group by 10% or more.

isocyanate monomer

 NCO(%)	酸度(%)	加水分解性塩素(%)	純度(%)	色相(APHA)	外靚		
48.2	0.002-0.004		99.7以上	· 15以下	無色透明液体	80%2.4 - 及び 20%2.6 - トリレン ジインシアネート CH ₃ NCO CH ₃ OCN NCO	TD (コスモネート80)
44.7	0.01以下	0.1以下	. 99.0½£	100以下	無色透明液体	キシレン ジインシアネート CH ₂ NCO CH ₂ NCO	(タケネート500) (タケネート500)
43.3	1A100	0.1以下	न%इ.66	20以下	無色透明液体	13-his (isocyanatomethyl) cyclohexane CH ₂ NCO	(2003年年 (2003年年 (2003年年
49.9		1XE0.0	- ਜੁਪਤਾਰਰ	30以下	無色透明液体	hexamethylenediisocyanate CN $+$ CH $_2$ $+$ NCO	10/7/2 100 1/7/2 - 17/000
40.8		0.01 (代表)	99.8 (代表)	10 (代表)	無色透明液体	ンルポルネン ジインシアネート OCNH ₂ Ç CH ₂ NCO	NBD (コスモネー(NBD))
34.4	0.01以下		4.X10.86	10011	無色透明液体	テトラメチルキシリレン ジインシアネート NCO H ₃ C-C-CH ₃ CH ₃	INTERNAL PROPERTY.
20.9	7以10.0	,	95.01XL	100以下	無色透明液体	mーイソプロベニルーα、 αジメチルベンジル インシアネート C=CH ₂ C=CH ₃ C=CH ₃ CH ₃	

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polyurethane resin of Mitsui Takeda

moisture-curing polyisocyanate

)			;		
4	称。	耐浸性. 軟質	HDI.	HB H	1/2*1000*50	လ	8	100	40 5.	20%	酢酸エチル/MEK	0.97	^ 1	AB(60)	50	4.5	M-631N
4	度等、材料、シーラー	面铁性、数質	HDI	8	1/2 * 1000 * 50	2	æ	100	5.5	80	キシレン/酢砂エチル /PMA		۵	æ	50	o	*NM89-50G
	7.3																
4	テナ、財、配別イプ	M75-50Eのトルエン、 品一リでくソルセキ	101	3H					1	15	酢酸エチル/酢酸プチル		۵	FG	50	б	*M75-50SS
4	ナテ、財、西部47	高恩度タイプ	ТОІ	31					1	15	トルエン/キシレン /酢酸エチル		۵	ភូ	50	o	*M75-50E
4-1	シーラー、床材	高度度タイプ	וסד	2Н					-1	30	トルエン/キシレン/酢段エチル/メトアセ		۵	MN	50	б	*M95-50A
4-1		五百七年 一日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日	c-MDI	н-2н	1/2*300*10 アウト	107ታኑ	0.175►	10	ຫ	10	トルエン	1.13	۵	OP(400)	75	15	M-405
4		多克姓、姓氏克姓、内特罗思	Ш	ı	1/4*500*40	ย	8	100 .	ຜ	14	キシレン/酢酸エチル /PMA	1.01	<u>^</u>	AB(60)	50	4.8	M-450
4		## #	c-MDI	Ŧ	1/2*1000*50	ญ	8	100	4.5	40	トルエン	1.01	۵	MZ	75	8.5	M-403
4		B/H	ΤDĮ	Ή	1/2*500*20	Ю	8	100	3.5	б	トルエン/酢酸エチル /キシレン/PMA	0.93	۵	A3(<50)	25	2.7	M-402P
4-1		-83B	ומד	Ξ	1/2*500*20	Ŋ	8	100	Œ	18	キシレン/酢酸エチル /PMA	1.01	€2	A(<50)	50	5.4	M-402
4		力强度	₫	Ŧ	1/2*500*30	ю	8	100	0.5	10	トルエン/PMA	1.02	<1	FG(150)	50	42	M-408
42	一般木工、麻材	MB0-50CXの選売タイプ	ī	П					2	30	キシレン/PMA	1.03	۵	ΑB	50	4.3	*M86-50CX
42	一般木工、肉质555	图代岩野土世のX 205-08W	ם	п					6	60	キシレン/PMA		۵	W	64	5.3	*M80-65CX
42		ピアを幸母道の世	IDT	I				-	6	60	キシレン/PMA	1.03	۵	АВ	50	5.2	*M80-50CX
4-1	シーラー、床材	- 對亞底	זםו	F					2	30	トルエン/キシレン /酢酸エチル/メトアセ		۵	Б	50	6.5	*M37-50A
4-1	FRPプライマー	力を促	ī.	71					2	30	トルエン/キシレン/耐配エチル /衛配プチル/メトアセ		ς3	АЗ	33	4.3	*M37-33J
42		逐點性	百	וד	1/2*1000*50	0	8	100	1.8	6	キシレン/PMA	1.00	<1	FG(150)	42	3.4	M-417
4		小到这	ם	표	1/2*500*50	2751	2751	100	Ю	10	トルエン/PMA	1.01	ß	MN(330)	50	3.1	M-407
42	度等、材、保材	MB3-42CXのキシレンフリー品	IDT	В					Э	90	ンルベラン#100/PMA	1.00	<u>د</u>	CD	42	3.5	*M83-42SP
42	魔林, 琳	M21-40Xの姿態・極度アップ品	101	В					з	60 .	キシレン/PMA	0.99	<u>ئ</u>	CD	42	3.5	*M83-42CX
42	度率、木材、床材	存命タイプ	101	В					ဒ	75	キシレン		જ	CB	40	2.5	*M21-40X
41	天然、合成皮革	超菜軟性	101	68				_	24	180	トルエン /キシレン / 酢酸エチル /メトアセ		⟨3	ZZI	80	4.1	*M54-80A
語所	農	**************************************	type		(inch*e*cm)	(mm)	が過ぎ	(×/100) 国ババ	硬化乾燥 時間	指触乾燥	咨阅	比重 (D 25/4)	色数 (G)	(s.e _d w192/19	(%) NV:	% % %	95ネート MT-オレスター(*)
						性能								性状 (代表值)	٠		品名

性能評価:250×60%R.H.雰囲気下にて測定(評価方法は2ページ目見期きをご参照ください)

M-605N

ຸນ

40 MN(370) <1 0.95 キシレン酢酸エチル

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3.2

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N

1/2*1000*50 | HB-F | H6XDI

型製料

殿 林

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